



GOLDRUSH-LINK: Integrating minimizer-based overlap detection and gap-filling into the ntLink long read scaffolder

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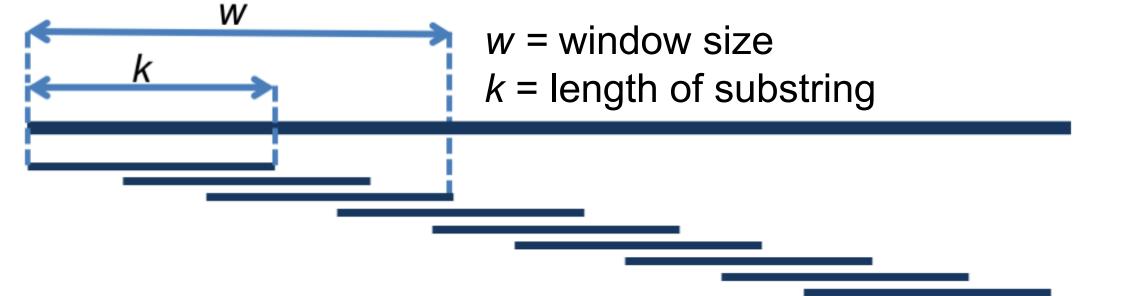
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GoldRush-Link • Essential step in new de input novo assembler GoldRush sequences IntLink joins Powered by ntLink¹ long read scaffolder IntLink overlap detection ntLink improvements: Overlap detection ntLink gap-filling Gap-filling Liftover-based rounds assembled

Gap-filling

Minimizer sketches

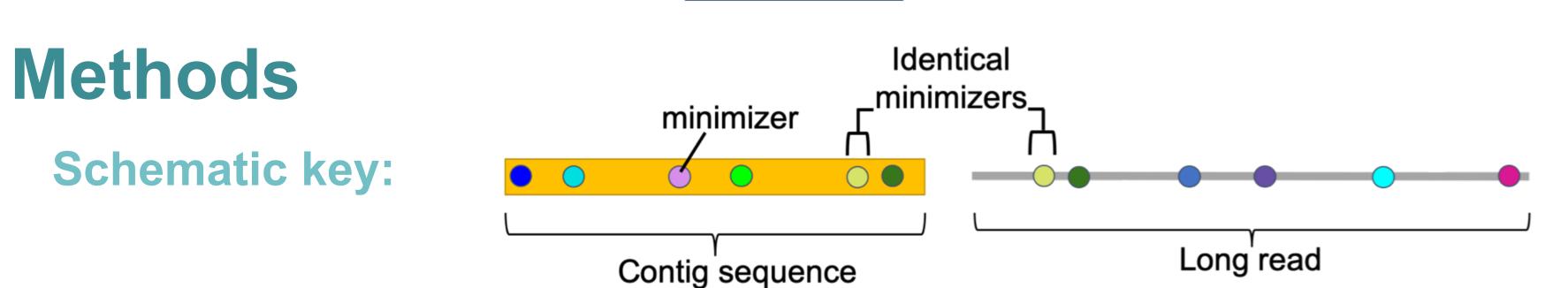
Reduce computational cost of sequence data storage and manipulation²



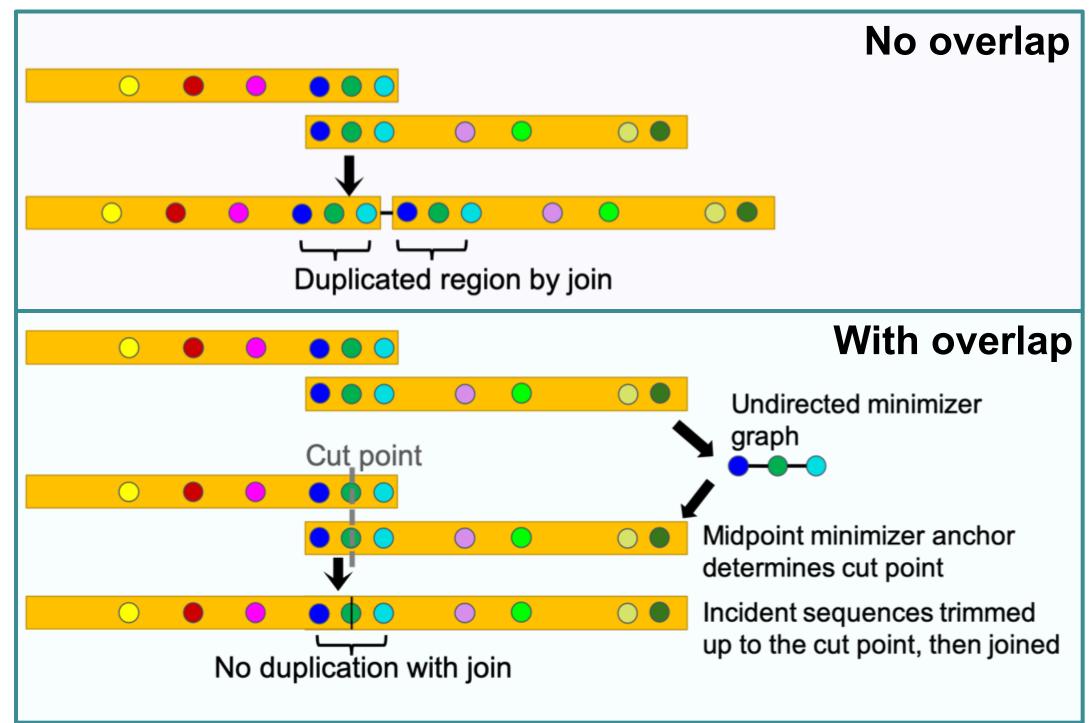
For each window of w adjacent k-mers:

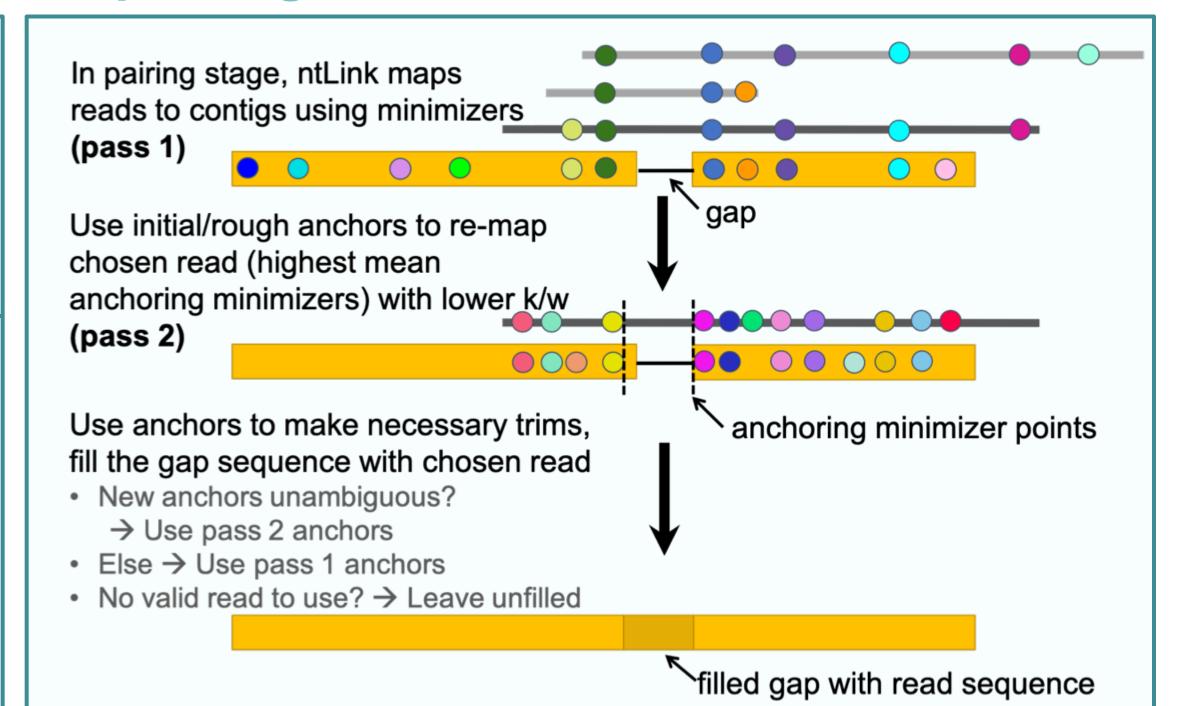
- Compute hash values of each k-mer
- Window's minimizer = smallest hash value

Generates ordered list of minimizers per sequence



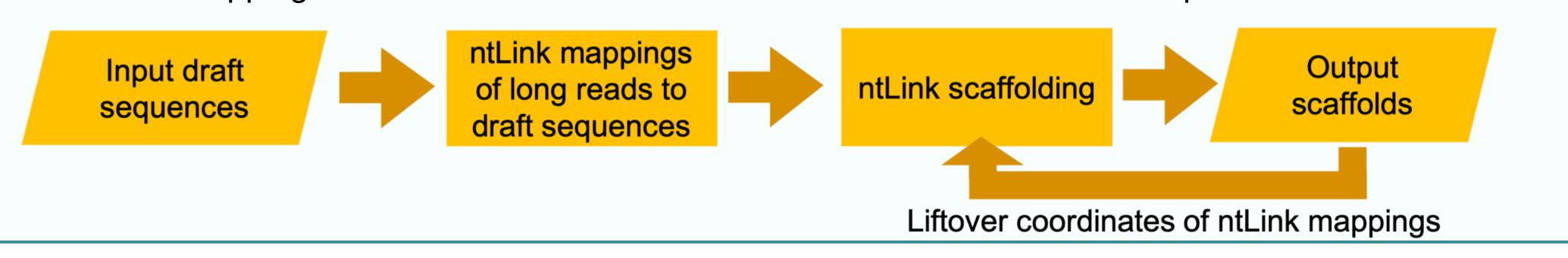
Overlap detection





_iftover-based rounds

- Running additional rounds of ntLink can produce more contiguous final assemblies
- Re-mapping the reads at each round is costly
 - → Liftover mapping coordinates after each ntLink round based on scaffold composition



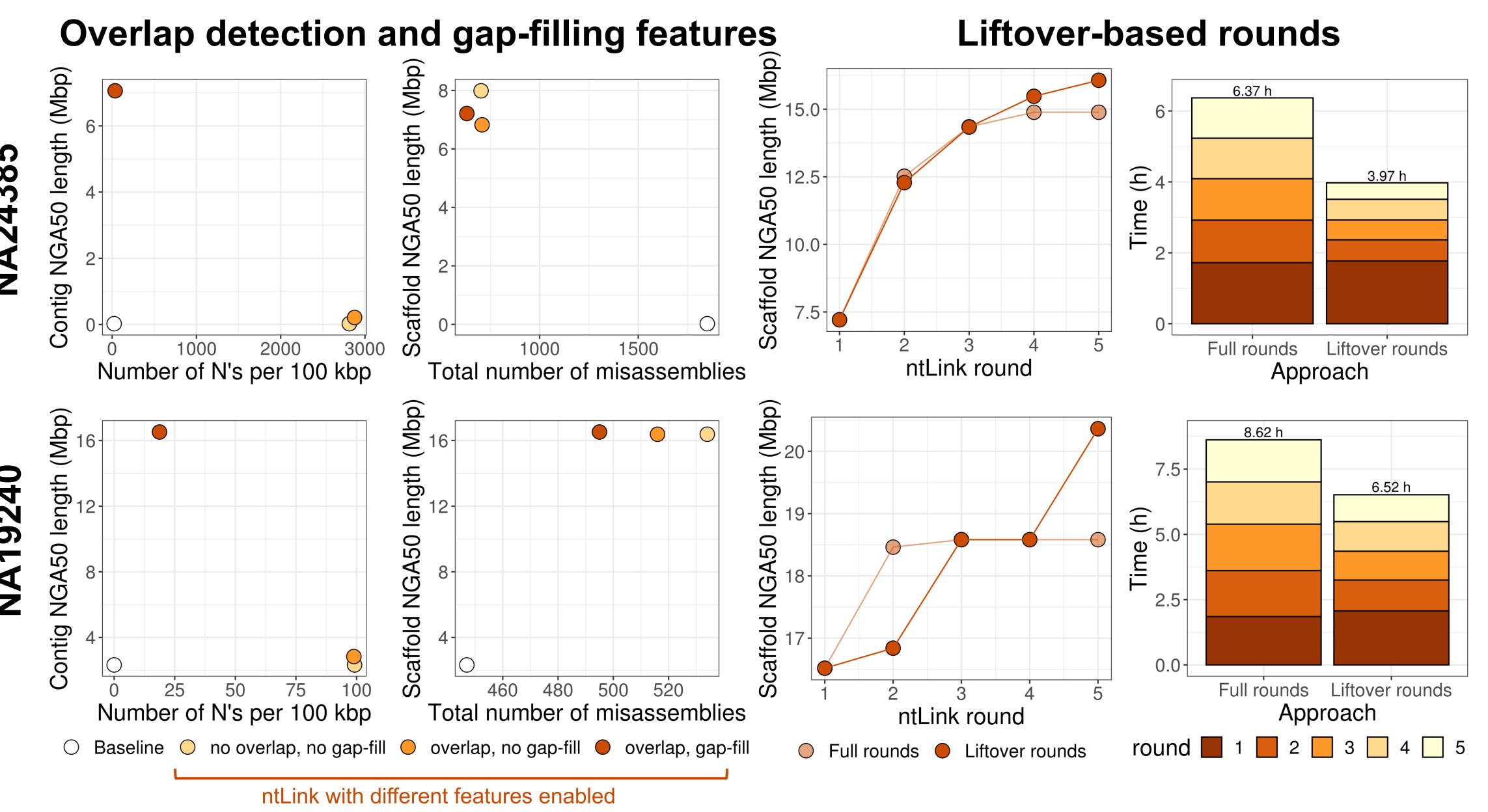
Results

genome

ntLink assemblies using Oxford Nanopore long reads for two human individuals:



GoldRush goldtigs: Polished, corrected golden path reads Golden path reads: ~1x read representation of the genome



- Using the overlap and gap-filling features substantially increases the "contig" contiguity
- Both features also reduce the overall number of misassemblies
- Running additional ntLink rounds yields further contiguity gains
- Using the liftover functionality vs. naïve rounds results in higher contiguity and faster runtimes

Conclusions

- Multiple new features were added to the ntLink long read scaffolder
 - Overlap detection, gap-filling and liftover-based rounds
- These improvements were made with our de novo long read assembler, GoldRush, in mind, but are also applicable to the general usage of ntLink

References

- 1. Coombe L, et al. 2021. LongStitch: high-quality genome assembly correction and scaffolding using long reads. BMC Bioinformatics 22: 2021.06.17.448848.
- 2. Roberts M, et al. 2004. Reducing storage requirements for biological sequence comparison. Bioinformatics 20: 3363–3369.
- Shafin K, et al. 2020. Nanopore sequencing and the Shasta toolkit enable efficient de novo assembly of eleven human genomes. Nat Biotechnol 38: 1044-1053
- 4. Wong J, et al. 2022. GoldRush-Path: a de novo assembler for long reads with linear time complexity. ISMB HiTSeq talk.

Software Availability

https://github.com/bcgsc/ntlink https://github.com/bcgsc/goldrush



Conda install -c bioconda ntlink National Institutes of Health